

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 7

11201 Renner Boulevard Lenexa, Kansas 66219

FEB 8 2016

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Quality Assurance Project Plan for Soil/Sediment Sampling of Drainage Features at the

West Lake Landfill Site; Bridgeton, Missouri – Approved with Comment

FROM: Diane Harris Dume Harris

Regional Quality Assurance Manager

ENST/IO

TO: Brad Vann

EPA Remedial Project Manager

SUPR/MOKS

The review of the subject document prepared by Tetra Tech, Inc., dated 02/02/2016, has been completed according to "EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans for Environmental Data Operations," EPA QA/R-5 March 2001. This document is a site-specific addendum to the "Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for the Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs" (R7 QAO Document Number: 2012293).

Based on the comments below, the document is approved with comment. Although the document satisfactorily addresses most of the key issues, minor issues were noted. These issues do not have an impact on the approval of the document, but are noteworthy of pointing out for the record.

General Comments

1. Laboratory References. Please note that because the START-contract laboratory has not been selected, laboratory references could not be verified at the time of the review including the capability to perform the identified method. This should be verified prior to analysis.

If you have any questions, please contact me at x7258.

R7QAO Document Number: 2016087

Region 7 Superfund Program Addendum to the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Activities (October 2012) for the				
, 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	7 O	West Lake Landfill	Site	
		Project Information		Si de Missoni
	st Lake Landfill Site	Company of the Compan	City: Bridgeton	State: Missouri
	anager: Bradley Vann		START Project Manage	r: Rob Monnig
Approved By:	START Purising Manager	Day 2/2/4		
Title: Approved By:	START Project Manager	Date: 2/2/16	Prepared For: EPA Regi	ion 7 Superfund Division
Approved by: Title:	START Program Manager	Date: 2/2/16		
Approved By:	Kerther Homes	1040.07 24.10		
Title:	START OA Manager	Date: 2/2/16	Prepared By: Rob Monn Date: February 2016	iig
Approved By:	The same of the sa		Date: February 2016	
Title:	BPA Project Manager	Date 2/8///		
Approved By:	Dinne Maries		Tetra Tech START Proj	ect Number: X9025.14.0007.000
Title:	EPA Region 7 QA Manager	Date: 02/08/2016		
1.1 Distribution		1.0 Project Manage	ment:	
1.2 Project/Ta	Tom Mahler, EPA On-Scene Coordin Diane Harris, Region 7 QA Manager ask Organization:		Kathy Homer, QA Ma	
	f the EPA Region 7 Superfund Division Tech, Inc., will serve as the START I		ect Manager for the activitie	s described in this QAPP. Rob
1.3 Problem I	Definition/Background:			
sampling activiti	Section 1	grams (updated October 201	2), and contains site-specific	data quality objectives for the
Description	n in referenced report:	Title	Date	Annana anna anna anna anna anna anna an
1.4 Project/Ta	ask Description:			
☐ CERCLA	and the second s	CERCLA SI Pre-CERCLIS Site Screeni		is Assessment assessment
Schedule: Sampling is scheduled to occur in early February 2016 and is anticipated to require 1 or 2 days to complete. Laboratory analysis of the samples is anticipated to require 28 days.				
Descriptio	n in referenced report:		No.	
	•	Title	Date	
1.5 Quality O	bjectives and Criteria for Measurem	ent Data:		
Accuracy:		**************************************		☑ Identified in attached table.
Precision:				Identified in attached table.
Representativen	ess:			Identified in attached table.
Completeness*:				☑ Identified in attached table.
Comparability:	1900 A			✓ Identified in attached table.
	on: is goal of 100 percent has been establis ons based on any or all of the remainin		er, if the completeness goal is	s not met, EPA may still be able to
OSHA 19 Special Ec	raining/Certification Requirements: 10 quipment/Instrument Operator: cribe below):			

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February 2, 2016

Mr. Bradley Vann Remedial Project Manager U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 11201 Renner Boulevard Lenexa, Kansas 66219

Subject: Quality Assurance Project Plan for Soil/Sediment Sampling of Drainage Features

West Lake Landfill Site, Bridgeton, Missouri

CERCLIS ID: MOD079900932

EPA Region 7, START 4, Contract No. EP-S7-13-06, Task Order No. 0007

Task Monitor: Bradley Vann, Remedial Project Manager

Dear Mr. Vann:

Tetra Tech, Inc. is submitting the attached Quality Assurance Project Plan for soil/sediment sampling of drainage features at the West Lake Landfill site (WLLS) in Bridgeton, Missouri. If you have any questions or comments, please contact the Project Manager at (816) 412-1775.

Sincerely,

Robert Monnig, PE

START Project Manager

Ted Faile, PG, CHMM

START Program Manager

Enclosures

cc:

Tom Mahler, On-Scene Coordinator

Debra Dorsey, START Project Officer (cover letter only)

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN FOR SOIL/SEDIMENT SAMPLING OF DRAINAGE FEATURES AT THE WEST LAKE LANDFILL SITE

Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team (START) 4 Contract No. EP-S7-13-06, Task Order No. 0007

Prepared For:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 7 Superfund Division 11201 Renner Blvd. Lenexa, Kansas 66219

February 2, 2016

Prepared By:

Tetra Tech, Inc. 415 Oak Street Kansas City, Missouri 64106 (816) 412-1741

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Α	SITE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING SOIL/SEDIMENT SAMPLING	
В	FIGURE	

Region 7 Superfund Program Addendum to the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Activities (October 2012) for the West Lake Landfill Site						
1.7	1.7 Documentation and Records:					
X X	Field Sheets Chain of Custody		☐ Trip Report ☐ Letter Report	Site M Site M Photos		
\boxtimes	Sample documentation v	will follow EPA Region 7 SOP	2420.05.			
Ø	Other: Analytical inform	nation will be handled according	ng to procedures ide	entified in Table 2.		
		2.0 N	feasurement and E	Pata Acquisition:		
2.1	Sampling Process Desi	gn:				
	Random Sampling Search Sampling Screening w/o Definitiv Sample Map Attached	Transect Sampling Systematic Grid Confirmation	☐ System	i/Judgmental Samplin natic Random Sampli ing w/ Definitive Cor	ng Definitive Sampling	
#93 199 pro	The proposed sampling scheme is judgmental, in accordance with the Guidance for Performing Site Inspections Under CERCLA, OSWER Directive #9345.1-05, September 1992, and Removal Program Representative Sampling Guidance, Volume 1: Soil, OSWER Directive 9360.4-10, November 1991. Judgmental sampling is subjective (biased) selection of sampling locations based on historical information, visual inspection, and best professional judgment of the sampler(s). Surface soil will be field-screened for gamma radiation by use of real-time instruments, with soil samples submitted for laboratory radionuclide analysis. See Appendices A and B for additional site-specific information and a sample location map.					
San	nple Summary Location		Matrix	No. of Samples	Analysis	
at tl surf Uni will feat	he West Lake Landfill and face water runoff from Art t 1 (OU1). Discrete surfice	cial soil/sediment samples op 2 inches of these drainage	Soil/sediment	7 (Gamma scan (including radium-226), isotopic uranium, and thorium	
2.2	Sample Methods Requ	uirements:				
	Matrix	Sampling Met			EPA SOP(s)/Methods	
	Soil/sediment At each location, approximately 1,000 grams of sample material will be collected within the top 2 inches of soil/sediment surface by use of a hand trowel.			SOP 4231.2012		
2.3	Sample Handling and	Custody Requirements:				
	Samples will be accepted according to Region 7 EPA SOP 2420.01.					
2.4	2.4 Analytical Methods Requirements:					
	soil/sediment samples collected from drainage pathways.					
2.5	2.5 Quality Control Requirements:					
	Not Applicable ☐ Identified in attached table. ☐ In accordance with the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). ☐ Describe Field QC Samples: No field QC samples will be required. ☐ Other (Describe):					

Region 7 Superfund Program Addendum to the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Activities (October 2012) for the West Lake Landfill Site			
2.6	Instrument/Equipment Testing, Inspection, and Maintenance Requirements:		
Ø	Not Applicable In accordance with the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). Other (Describe): Testing, inspection, and maintenance of analytical instrumentation will proceed in accordance with the previously referenced SOPs and/or manufacturers' recommendations. Testing, inspection, and maintenance of field instruments (radiation screening instruments, GPS units, etc.) will proceed in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations.		
2.7	Instrument Calibration and Frequency:		
	Not Applicable Inspection/acceptance requirements accord with the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). Calibration of laboratory equipment will be performed as described in the SOPs and/or manufacturers' recommendations referenced in Table 1. Other (Describe): Calibration of field instruments (radiation screening instruments, etc.) will be conducted in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations.		
2.8	Inspection/Acceptance Requirements for Supplies and Consumables:		
	Not Applicable In accordance with the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). All sample containers will meet EPA criteria for cleaning procedures for low-level chemical analysis. Sample containers will have Level II certifications provided by the manufacturer in accordance with pre-cleaning criteria established by EPA in Specifications and Guidelines for Obtaining Contaminant-Free Containers. Other (Describe): Samples will be packaged in food-grade plastic containers or sealable bags.		
2.9	Data Acquisition Requirements:		
	Not Applicable In accordance with the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). Previous data/information pertaining to the site (including other analytical data, reports, photos, maps, etc., which are referenced in this QAPP) have been compiled by EPA and/or its contractor(s) from other sources. Some of that data has not been verified by EPA and/or its contractor(s); however, the information will not be used for decision-making purposes by EPA without verification by an independent professional qualified to verify such data/information. Other (Describe):		
2.10	Data Management:		
Ø	All laboratory data acquired will be managed in accordance with Region 7 EPA SOP 2410.01. Other (Describe): All laboratory data acquired will be managed according to procedures established by the START-contracted laboratory.		
	3.0 Assessment and Oversight:		
3.1	Assessment and Response Actions:		
	Peer Review Management Review Field Audit Lab Audit Assessment and response actions pertaining to analytical phases of the project are addressed in Region 7 EPA SOPs 2430.06 and 2430.12. Other (Describe):		
3.1A	Corrective Action:		
Ø	Corrective actions will be taken at the discretion of the EPA Project Manager whenever there appear to be problems that could adversely affect data quality and/or resulting decisions affecting future response actions pertaining to the site. Other (Describe):		
3.2	Reports to Management:		
	Audit Report		

Region 7 Superfund Program Addendum to the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Activities (October 2012) for the						
	West Lake Landfill Site					
	4.0 Data Validation and Usability:					
4.1	Data Review, Validation, and Verification Requirements:					
	Identified in attached table: Data review and verification will accord with the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Programs (updated October 2012). Data review and verification will be performed by a qualified analyst and the laboratory's section manager as described in Region 7 EPA SOPs 2430.06, 2410.10, and 2430.12. Other (Describe): The analytical data package from the START-contracted laboratory will be validated internally by the contracted laboratory in accordance with the laboratory's established SOPs. A START chemist will conduct an external verification and validation of the laboratory data package.					
4.2	Validation and Verification Methods:					
	Identified in attached table: The data will be validated in accordance with Region 7 EPA SOPs 2430.06, 2410.10, and 2430.12. Other (Describe): The data will be validated using methods consistent with a Stage 2B validation, as described in the EPA Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) Guidance for Labeling Externally Validated Laboratory Analytical Data for Superfund Use (EPA 2009). A Stage 2B validation includes verification and validation based on a completeness and compliance check of sample receipt conditions and sample-related and instrument-related QC results. The EPA Project Manager will be responsible for overall validation and final approval of the data, in accordance with the projected use of the results.					
4.3	Reconciliation with User Requirements:					
	Identified in attached table: If data quality indicators do not meet the project's requirements as outlined in this QAPP, the data may be discarded and re-sampling or reanalysis of the subject samples may be required by the EPA Project Manager. Other (Describe):					

Addendum to	the Generic Q	APP for Sup	erfund Site Assessment a West Lake	erfund Program nd Targeted Brownfiel e Landfill Site mple Summary	ds Assessment Activ	vities (October 2012) for the
Site Name: Wo	est Lake Landfi	Il Site	I avit I. Ja	Location: Bridgeton, l	Missouri	
START Projec	t Manager: R	ob Monnig		Activity/ASR #: NA	Date: February 201	6
No. of Samples	Matrix	Location	Purpose	Requested Analysis	Sampling Method	Analytical Method/SOP
7	Soil/sediment	Drainage features of the West Lake	Assess soil/sediment samples collected from drainage features receiving surface water runoff from OU1 of the West Lake Landfill for presence of radionuclides above site-specific reference levels that	Gamma spectroscopy, including Ra-226	SOP 4231,2012	LANL ER-130 Modified (or EML Ga-01-R Modified) preceded by 21-day in- growth of Ra-226 progeny
		Landfill w	would indicate presence of radiological-impacted	Isotopic U (U-234, -235, -238)		EML U-02 Modified
			material (RIM) associated with the West Lake Landfill site.	Isotopic Th (Th-228, -230, -232)	normalitational-independent	EML Th-01 Modified

Notes:

ASR

EML

Analytical Services Request U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Environmental Measurements Laboratory (EML) Procedures Manual

NA

Not applicable Los Alamos National Laboratory Radium LANL

SOP Th

Standard Operating Procedure Thorium

Uranium

Region 7 Superfund Program Addendum to the Generic QAPP for Superfund Site Assessment and Targeted Brownfields Assessment Activities (October 2012) for the West Lake Landfill Site Table 2: Data Quality Objective Summary Site Name: West Lake Landfill Site Location: Bridgeton, Missouri START Project Manager: Rob Monnig Activity/ASR #: N/A (START-contracted laboratory) Date: February 2016 **Data Quality Measurements** Sample Data Analytical Laboratory Management Handling Analysis Method Detection Accuracy Precision Representativeness Completeness Comparability Procedures Procedures Limit Goal Surficial The soil/sediment completeness samples will be goal is 100%; See Section Standardized See Section Ra-226 Per Per collected from however, no 2.3 of 2.10 of QAPP analytical procedures will (by gamma See Table 1 1 pCi/g analytical areas likely in individual **OAPP** form. spectroscopy) method method be used. contact with surface samples have form. water runoff or been identified as standing water. critical samples. Surficial The soil/sediment completeness Other gammagoal is 100%: samples will be See Section Standardized See Section emitting Per Per Per 2.3 of collected from however, no procedures will See Table 1 analytical 2.10 of QAPP radionuclides analytical analytical areas likely in individual QAPP (by gamma method method method be used. form. contact with surface samples have form. spec.) water runoff or been identified as standing water. critical samples. Surficial The soil/sediment completeness samples will be goal is 100%; See Section Isotopic U Per Per Standardized See Section 2.3 of collected from however, no 2.10 of QAPP (U-234, -235, See Table 1 1 pCi/g analytical analytical procedures will areas likely in individual **QAPP** -238)method method be used. form. contact with surface samples have form. water runoff or been identified as standing water. critical samples. Surficial soil/sediment completeness See Section goal is 100%; samples will be Standardized See Section Isotopic Th Per Per collected from however, no 2.3 of (Th-228, -230, See Table 1 1 pCi/g analytical analytical procedures will 2.10 of QAPP individual QAPP areas likely in -232)method be used. form. method contact with surface samples have form. water runoff or been identified as standing water. critical samples.

Notes:

ASR

Analytical Services Request

nCi/g

PicoCuries per gram

QAPP Ra

Quality Assurance Project Plan

Th U

Radium Thorium Uranium

APPENDIX A

SITE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING SOIL/SEDIMENT SAMPLING

INTRODUCTION

The Tetra Tech, Inc. (Tetra Tech) Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team (START) has been tasked by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to assist with soil/sediment sampling within surface water runoff drainage features at the West Lake Landfill site (WLSS) in Bridgeton, Missouri. Rob Monnig of Tetra Tech will serve as the START Project Manager. He will be responsible for ensuring that the study proceeds as described in this Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP), and for providing periodic updates to the client concerning the status of the project, as needed. Bradley Vann will be the EPA Project Manager for this activity.

START's tasks will include, but will not be limited to: (1) engaging an analytical laboratory for radionuclide analysis of collected soil/sediment samples, (2) collecting samples and coordinating their shipment to the laboratory, (3) assisting EPA with data acquisition and management, and (4) documenting the sampling efforts. The Tetra Tech START Quality Assurance (QA) Manager will provide technical assistance, as needed, to ensure that necessary QA issues are adequately addressed.

START will adhere to this QAPP as much as possible, but may alter proposed activities in the field if warranted by site-specific conditions and unforeseen hindrances that prevent implementation of any aspect of this QAPP in a feasible manner. Such deviations will be recorded in the site logbook, as necessary. This QAPP will be available to the field team at all times during sampling activities to serve as a key reference for the proposed activities described herein.

PROBLEM DEFINITION, BACKGROUND, AND SITE DESCRIPTION

West Lake Landfill is an approximately 200-acre property that includes several closed solid waste landfill units which accepted wastes for landfilling from the 1940s or 1950s through 2004, plus a solid waste transfer station, a concrete plant, and an asphalt batch plant. The WLLS is at 13570 St. Charles Rock Road in Bridgeton, St. Louis County, Missouri, approximately 1 mile north of the intersection of Interstate 70 and Interstate 270 (see Appendix B, Figure 1). The WLLS was used for limestone quarrying and crushing operations from 1939 through 1988. Beginning in the late 1940s or early 1950s, portions of the quarried areas and adjacent areas were used for landfilling municipal refuse, industrial solid wastes, and construction/demolition debris. In 1973, approximately 8,700 tons of leached barium sulfate residues (a remnant from the Manhattan Engineer District/Atomic Energy Commission project) was reportedly mixed with approximately 39,000 tons of soil from the 9200 Latty Avenue site in Hazelwood, Missouri, transported to the WLLS, and used as daily or intermediate cover material. In December 2004, the Bridgeton Sanitary Landfill—the last landfill unit to receive solid waste—stopped receiving waste

pursuant to an agreement with the City of St. Louis to reduce potential for birds to interfere with Lambert Field International Airport operations.

EPA is planning to sample soil/sediment to assess presence of radiological-impacted material (RIM) derived from the West Lake Landfill site within selected drainages near the boundaries of Areas 1 and 2 of Operable Unit 1 (OU1). These drainages may have received erosional sediment, possibly containing RIM eroded and transported from Areas 1 and 2 via surface water runoff. Of particular concern is erosion that may have occurred during heavy rainfall in the St. Louis area between December 26 and 29, 2015, when the area received 10 inches of rain or more (University of Missouri 2016).

SAMPLING PROCESS DESIGN AND RATIONALE

Design of and rationale for the sampling process for this study are developed via the 7-step process of establishing data quality objectives (DQO). This process is described in the EPA documents *Data Quality Objectives Process for Hazardous Waste Site Investigations* (EPA QA/G-4HW, January 2000, EPA/600/R-00/007) and *Guidance for the Data Quality Objectives Process* (EPA QA/G-4, February 2006, EPA/240/B-06/001).

Step 1 - State the Problem

Problem Statement

Information is needed to assess if RIM from OU1 has been eroded, transported, and deposited at outfall areas exiting OU1.

Conceptual Site Model of Environmental Hazard to be Evaluated

Precipitation events could cause erosion and transport of RIM from OU1. Sampling will occur to assess for presence of RIM within surface water drainages near the boundaries of Areas 1 and 2 of OU1.

Step 2 – Identify the Decision

Principal Study Question

Sampling data will be used to answer this principal study question:

Principal Study Question: Do drainage features receiving surface water runoff from OU1 contain RIM that was possibly eroded and transported from OU1 and then subsequently deposited into the drainage features?

Decision Statement / Alternative Actions

The following decision statement presents alternative actions related to the principal study question:

Decision Statement: If surficial soil/sediment samples collected from drainage features indicate presence of RIM, additional sampling will be proposed to determine the nature and extent of the apparent release of RIM cause by erosional runoff.

Step 3 – Identify Inputs to the Decision

The following information is needed to resolve the decision statement.

Sampling Locations

Sampling will target locations seemingly likely to contain variable amounts of deposited erosional sediment. General locations for sampling, described in Table A-1 and depicted on Figure 1 in Appendix B, were selected because they appear to be drainage features that likely receive surface water runoff from OU1 Areas 1 and 2.

Because deposited RIM is potentially identifiable by presence of elevated gross gamma radiation detectable by field instruments, START will begin by surveying surface soils at each of the selected drainage feature locations using a Ludlum Model 2221 rate meter with a Ludlum Model 44-20 sodium iodide (NaI) scintillation detector. Survey personnel will scan surface soil in a serpentine pattern. The detector will be held approximately 6 inches above ground surface while the surveyor moves the detector at approximately 1 to 2 feet per second. If elevated gross gamma radiation is detected (exceeding twice background), the area will be flagged for possible soil sampling. After completing the gamma survey, START will select a soil sampling location within the area exhibiting the highest gross gamma radiation reading (if any elevated readings are detected). If no elevated gross gamma readings are observed, a single soil sample will be collected from an area that appears likely to contain deposited sediment. Samples will be collected within the top 2 inches of soil/sediment by use of a hand trowel and packaged in food-grade plastic containers or sealable bags. Hand trowels will be decontaminated between sample collections via brush and washing with non-phosphate detergent solution, followed by a rinsing with deionized water. Samples will be dried and homogenized by the analytical laboratory before analysis.

TABLE A-1

SEDIMENT SAMPLING LOCATIONS WEST LAKE LANDFILL, BRIDGETON, MISSOURI

Proposed Sample ID	Location Description	Rationale
Sediment 1A and 1B	Concrete drainage culverts near landfill entrance along St. Charles Rock Road	These drainage features likely receive surface water runoff from OU1 Areas 1 or 2 during high precipitation events.
Sediment 2	Concrete-lined drainage channel north of the blue scale/check office building (an approximate location for this sample is shown on Figure 1 in Appendix B; field personnel will select a location where sedimentation is apparent based on visual inspection)	This drainage feature likely receives surface water runoff from OU1 Area 1 during high precipitation events.
Sediment 3	Erosional drainage feature in the vicinity of Weir #9 or #8 (an approximate location for this sample is shown on Figure 1 in Appendix B; field personnel will select a location where sedimentation is apparent based on visual inspection)	This drainage feature likely receives surface water runoff from OU1 Area 2 during high precipitation events.
Sediment 4	Northwest side of OU1 Area 2 (Buffer Zone) along drainage between AAA Trailer property and Area 2	This drainage feature likely receives surface water runoff from OU1 Area 2 (as well as the AAA Trailer property) during high precipitation events.
Sediment 5	Northwest side of OU1 Area 2 (Buffer Zone) along drainage between AAA Trailer property and Area 2 or in earthen drainage swale between Old St. Charles Rock Road and Area 2.	This drainage feature likely receives surface water runoff from OU1 Area 2 during high precipitation events.
Sediment 6	West of OU1 Area 2 within a stormwater discharge culvert between AAA Trailer property and the Earth City drainage way.	This drainage feature receives surface runoff from the AAA Trailer property that itself may receive runoff from OU1 Area 2 during high precipitation events.

Notes:

OU Operable Unit

Reference Levels for Identifying RIM in Surface Soil

To determine if surface soil/sediment samples collected at the drainage feature locations are characteristic of RIM, laboratory analytical results from those samples will be compared to reference levels included in the *Supplemental Feasibility Study Report for West Lake Landfill OU-1* (Engineering Management Support, Inc. 2011), which are based on site background values and risk-based remediation concentrations listed in EPA Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) directives. The reference levels are:

Radionuclide	Reference Level (picoCuries per gram)
Combined radium (radium-226 plus radium-228)	7.9
Combined thorium (thorium-230 plus thorium-232)	7.9
Total uranium	54.5

Soil/sediment samples with combined radium, combined thorium, or total uranium exceeding these reference levels will be considered potentially characteristic of RIM.

Confirm that Appropriate Measurement Methods Exist to Provide the Necessary Data

Detection and quantitation limits of laboratory methods identified in Tables 1 and 2 are appropriate for comparisons of analytical results to the identified reference levels.

Step 4 – Define the Boundaries of the Study

Target Population

The target population is surface soil/sediment from the drainage features identified in Table A-1 that convey surface water runoff from OU1 Areas 1 and 2.

Spatial and Temporal Boundaries

Soil/sediment samples will be collected from selected drainage features (identified in Table A-1) that appear likely to convey surface water runoff from Areas 1 or 2 of OU1 during high precipitation events. Temporal boundaries are not a significant aspect of this study.

Define the Scale of Decision Making

Individual soil/sediment samples containing combined radium, combined thorium, or total uranium exceeding the respective reference levels listed above will be considered potentially characteristic of RIM.

Practical Constraints on Acquiring the Data

No practical constraints have been identified.

Step 5 - Develop a Decision Rule

Individual soil/sediment samples with combined radium, combined thorium, or total uranium exceeding the respective reference levels will be considered potentially characteristic of RIM. If a sample collected from a drainage feature is potentially characteristic of RIM, additional sampling will be proposed to determine the nature and extent of the apparent release of RIM cause by erosional runoff.

Step 6 – Specify Tolerable Limits on Decision Errors

A decision error could occur if RIM is present within a studied drainage feature, but is not collected in the sample submitted for laboratory analysis. This type of error is not readily quantifiable for evaluation with respect to numerical tolerable limits, but will be controlled by performance of a surface soil gamma radiation survey (which would likely identify presence of RIM), and by taking care to collect samples from the top 2 inches of soil in accordance with the QAPP, within areas that appear most likely to contain deposited sediment derived from the West Lake site (if no elevated gross gamma readings are detected).

Step 7 – Optimize the Design for Obtaining Data

The data-collection design presented herein is anticipated to provide an effective balance between cost and ability to meet the DQOs. Collection of seven soil/sediment samples is anticipated for analysis at a START-contracted laboratory (to be determined).

REFERENCES

- Engineering Management Support, Inc. 2011. Supplemental Feasibility Study, Radiological-Impacted Material Excavation Alternatives Analysis, West Lake Landfill Operable Unit-1. Final. December 28.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2009. Guidance for Labeling Externally Validated Laboratory Analytical Data for Superfund Use. EPA 540-R-08-005. January 13.
- University of Missouri, Missouri Climate Center. 2016. December 2015 Weather and Its Impacts on Missouri. http://climate.missouri.edu/ Accessed January 25, 2016.

APPENDIX B
FIGURE

